

# 2003 I Code Premiere: International Residential Code

It is important to have an up-to-date residential construction code addressing the design and construction of one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses to protect the health and safety of the public as well as provide affordable housing.

There have been significant changes made to the International Residential Code (IRC) since the initial 2000 edition. This handout highlights many of the differences between the 2000 and 2003 editions.

## History

On April 22, 1996, the ICC Board of Directors established the ICC/NAHB Task Force. This task force recommended that the ICC develop and maintain a stand-alone residential code that would cover the construction of detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings not more than three stories in height with separate means of egress.

## Scope

The scope of the IRC encompasses detached one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses not more than three stories in height. The scope of the International Building Code (IBC) requires compliance with the IRC.

Code Section #		Section Title	Change
2003	2000		
<b>Chapters 1 and 2: Administration and Definitions</b>			
R101.3	R101.3	Purpose	Section has been rewritten to reflect the purpose as written in the IBC.
R202	R202	Definitions	Includes new definitions for the following: aspect ratio, fiber cement siding, masonry heaters, portable fuel cell appliance, stationary fuel cell power plant, structure, sunroom addition, vapor permeable membrane, and winder.

<b>Chapters 3-10: Building Provisions</b>			
Chapter 3: Building Planning			
<i>R301.1.3</i>	R301.1.2	Engineered design	Adds text which permits engineered design in accordance with the IBC.
Table R301.2(1)	Table R301.2(1)	Climatic and geographic design criteria	Column added for ice shield underlayment requirement.
R302.1	R302.1	Exterior walls	Restricts projections within 2' of the line used to determine fire separation distances.
R303.2	R303.2	Adjoining rooms	Revised to provide ventilation requirements for sunrooms and patio covers.
<i>R303.4.1</i>		Intake openings	Mechanical and gravity outside air intake openings are required to be located a minimum of 10' from sources of hazardous or noxious contaminants <u>or</u> 2' below the source.
<i>R303.6</i>	R303.4	Stairway illumination	Requires artificial light for interior stairs to be not less than 1 footcandle at center of treads and landings.
<i>R303.8</i>	R303.6	Required heating	Revised to prohibit the use of portable space heaters to achieve compliance.
R304.3	R304.3	Minimum <i>room sizes</i>	Kitchens are now listed as an exception to the 70 square foot minimum room area requirement.
R305.1	R305.1	Minimum height	Allows the ceiling height in bathrooms above plumbing fixtures to be 6'8." Also stipulates 30" x 30" space required at the showerhead.
R308.4	R308.4	Hazardous locations	Item #10 has been rewritten. Item #11 surface of the glass is less than 60" "above the nose of the tread."

R309.2	R309.2	Separation required	Garages with habitable rooms above them shall be separated from the room with at least 5/8" type X gypsum board or equivalent (installed perpendicular to framing in accordance with Table 702.3.5)
R311	R311	<i>Means of egress</i>	<p>R311 has been reorganized to include doors, landings, under stair protection, hallways, stairways, handrails, and ramps.</p> <p><u>Section 311.4.3</u> (Landings at doors) 2 rewritten exceptions:</p> <p>Exception 1, the reference to sliding doors is removed, and exterior stairways of two or fewer risers, other than the required exit door, are exempt from landing requirements.</p> <p>Exception 2, the maximum 8" rise for thresholds at exterior door landings has been revised to 7-3/4".</p> <p><u>Section R311.5.2</u> changes the minimum tread width required for winders, including winders at circular stairs, from 11" to 10", as measured from the narrow side.</p> <p><u>Section R311.5.4</u> limits each flight of stairs to a vertical rise of 12 feet between floor levels or landings.</p> <p><b><u>Section R311.5.6</u> requires handrails on at least one side of stairs with four (previously two) or more risers.</b></p> <p><u>Section R311.5.6.3</u> - handrail grip size requirements have been completely rewritten and include classifications of Type I and Type II handrails.</p>
R312.2	R316.2	Guardrail opening limitations	Ladder effect restriction removed. On open-sided stairs, opening <b>restriction changed to 4 3/8"</b> .
R314.2.7	318.2	Foam plastic / sill plates and headers	New section allows spray-applied foam plastic application to sill plates and headers, but restricts density and thickness of application.
R315.4		Alternate Test Method	Allows wall and ceiling finishes to be tested in accordance with NFPA 286 (as an alternative to flame spread and smoke developed index requirements tested

			in accordance with ASTM E84).
R319.1	R323.1	Protection against decay / Location Required	Exception 2 revised to require all wood framing (previously only studs and plates) which rests on concrete or masonry exterior foundation walls and is less than 8" from exposed ground to be pressure preservative treated.
R322.1	R326	Accessibility/ Scope	New language specifies that where there are four or more dwelling or sleeping units in a single structure, Chapter 11 (Accessibility) of the International Building Code applies.
R323.1.5	R327.1.5	Protection of mechanical and electrical systems	Many mechanical, plumbing, electrical, and fuel gas sections have been revised to refer to this section for locations and installations of equipment and systems in areas prone to flooding.
R323.3.4	Walls below design flood elevation		New section addresses components that penetrate walls designed to break away under flood loads.
Chapter 4: Foundations			
R401.1	R401.1	Foundations / Application	Revised to limit the applicability of the prescriptive requirements of the IRC to foundations in which the intervals between interior basement and foundation walls do not exceed 50 feet.
Table R403.1	Table R403.1	Minimum width of concrete or masonry footings	Increases the width requirements for footings constructed on soils with bearing capacities of 1,000, 2,000, and $\geq 4,000$ psi.
R403.1.4 <i>R403.1.4.1</i>	R403.1.4	Minimum Depth <i>Frost Protection</i>	These code sections have been revised and expanded to exempt foundations in the following structures from the requirements to extend below the frost line: 1) decks not supported by a dwelling unit 2) freestanding accessory structures < 400 feet in area <u>or</u> with an eave height $\leq 10$ feet.
R403.3	R403.3	Frost-protected shallow foundations	This section has been revised and Sections R403.3.1, R403.3.1.1, and R403.1.2 have been added to provide prescriptive requirements for frost-protected shallow foundations attached to: unheated slab-on-ground structures; heated structures; and foundations extending below the frost line in accordance with Section R403.1.4.
R408.3	R408.3	Access (crawl space)	Access to the crawl space through the perimeter wall has new minimum dimensions of 16 x 24 inches. Such access cannot be located directly under a doorway.

Chapter 5: Floors

R502.3.3	Floor Cantilevers		<p>This new section contains prescriptive requirements for cantilevered wood joist design. Cantilevered portions of wood joists are not to exceed the depth of the member or values as set forth in Table R502.3.3</p> <p>Backspan requirement is 3 to 1.</p>
R502.4	R502.4	Joists under bearing partitions	<p>Requires joists under bearing partitions to be adequately sized to support the loads imposed. (Double joists may no longer be adequate under some conditions.)</p>
R506.2.3	R506.2.3	Vapor retarder	<p>Vapor barrier requirements beneath concrete slab on grade construction deleted for garages.</p>



Chapter 6: Wall Construction			
Table R602.3	Table R602.3	Fastener Schedule	Adds new language to “Note a” which addresses minimum average bending yield strengths.
R602.6.1	R602.6.1	Drilling and notching of top plate	Attachment method has changed for the required tie on a top plate notched > 50%. 6 -16d nails changed to 8 -16d nails.
R611	R611	Insulating concrete form wall construction	This section and its subsections have been significantly revised and expanded to address the irregularity limitations given in Chapter 3 and to expand the limits for wind and seismic conditions.
Chapter 7: Wall Covering			
R702.1	R702.1	Interior covering / General	Revised to reference Table R703.4 for interior masonry veneer construction, with exceptions for waterproofing and drainage requirements.
R702.4.2	R702.4.2	Ceramic tile / Gypsum backer	Revised to prohibit installation of water-resistant gypsum board over a vapor retarder in a shower or tub compartment.
Table R703.7.3	Table R703.7.3	Allowable spans for lintels supporting masonry veneer	Revised to include spans for 5/16" thick steel lintels.
Chapter 8: Roof-Ceiling Construction			
R802.1.3	R802.1.3	Fire-retardant-treated wood	Completely rewritten.
<i>R802.10.5</i>		Truss-to-wall connection	Requires truss-to-wall connectors which are subject to wind pressures of less than 20 psf to be capable of resisting a minimum uplift of 175 pounds.
Table R802.11		Required strength of truss or rafter connections to resist wind uplift forces	Table R802.11 is completely rewritten
Chapter 9: Roof Assemblies			
R905.2.7.1	R905.2.7.1	Ice protection	Allows the jurisdiction to mandate ice protection by inserting the requirement in Table R301.2(1). Unconditioned detached accessory structures are now exempt from ice barrier requirements. New ice shield reference for underlayment indicated in Sections R905.4.3, R905.5.3, R905.6.3, R905.7.3, and R905.8.3.
R907.3	R907.3	Reroofing / Recovering	Existing asphalt shingles no longer must be removed prior to reroofing in areas prone to severe hail damage.

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<b>Chapter 10: Chimneys and Fireplaces</b>			
<i>R1001.6.1</i>	<i>Spark arrestors</i>		<i>New section provides requirements for spark arrestors.</i>
R1003	R1003	Masonry fireplaces	Some sections have been rearranged. New opening sentence for steel fireplace units. New section on dampers requires they be located a minimum of 8" above the top of the fireplace opening.
<i>R1006</i>	<i>Masonry heaters</i>		<i>New section</i>

<b>Chapter 11: Energy Efficiency</b>			
N1101.1	N1101.1	Scope	Exempts unconditioned portions of structures from compliance with Chapter 11 where separated by building envelope assemblies from the remainder of the building, but still requires compliance with the Chapter's provisions for building mechanical and service water heating systems.
N1102.1	N1102.1	Thermal performance criteria	Revised to limit the use of the IECC to Chapters 4 or 5 for building envelope compliance.
N1102.1.11		Recessed lighting fixtures	New prescriptive requirements for recessed lighting fixtures installed in the building envelope.

<b>Chapters 12-23: Mechanical Provisions</b>			
Chapter 12: Mechanical Administration			
	M1201.3	Conformity	Deleted without substitution
Chapter 14: Heating and Cooling Equipment			
M1411.3.2		Drain pipe materials and sizes	New material and size requirements for components of the condensate disposal system.
Chapter 15: Exhaust Systems			
M1501.2	M1501.2	Exhaust duct size	Revised to indicate clothes dryer exhaust duct installation shall be specifically as required by the clothes dryer's listing and the manufacturer's installation instructions. (Larger diameters do not allow longer lengths as previously inferred.)
M1501.3	M1501.3	Length limitation	Revised to indicate clothes dryer booster fan installation and labeling requirements.
M1502.3	Kitchen exhaust rates		New section requires fans for domestic kitchen cooking appliances equipped with ducted range hoods or down draft exhaust systems to be sized in accordance with Section M1506.3.
M1503.1	M1503.1	Installation of microwave oven over a cooking appliance	Microwave ovens installed over a cooking appliance are required to conform to UL 923.
M1506	Mechanical ventilation		New section provides requirements for ventilation equipment installed in mechanically ventilated toilet rooms and bathrooms.
Chapter 16: Duct Systems			
M1601.1.1	M1601.1.1	Above-ground duct systems	New requirements for stud wall cavities and the space between joists where utilized as air plenums.
Chapter 18: Chimneys and Vents			
M1804.2.6	M1804.2.6	Mechanical draft systems	Mechanical draft system vent termination requirements have been revised and expanded. Vent termination shall not be mounted directly above or within 3 feet horizontally of an oil tank vent or gas meter. Power exhauster terminations shall not be located within 10' of lot lines and adjacent buildings. Vent discharge shall be directed away from the building.
Chapter 19: Special Fuel-Burning Equipment			

M1903	Stationary fuel cell power plants		New section requires stationary fuel cell power plants to be tested in accordance with ANSI Z21.83 and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and NFPA 853.
Chapter 20: Boilers/Water Heaters			
M2001.3 M2002.5		Valves Boiler low-water cutoff	New requirements for boiler and water heater shutoff valves and boiler low-water cutoff control.
M2004.1	M2004.1	Water heaters used for space heating / General	Water heaters used for space heating are now also required to conform to Chapter 28 (Water heaters).
M2006.1	M2006.1	Pool heaters / General	Revised to require electric pool and spa heaters to be tested in accordance with UL 1261.
Chapter 21: Hydronic Piping			
M2101.10		Hydronic piping / Tests	Requires testing of hydronic piping at a pressure of not less than 100 psi for not less than 15 minutes.
Chapter 22: Special Piping and Storage Systems			
M2202.3	M2202.3	Flexible connectors	Revised to require flexible connectors in special piping systems to be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 536.
M2204.1	M2204.1	Pumps	Revised to require automatic pumps utilized in special piping and storage systems to be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 343.

<b>Chapter 24: Fuel Gas</b>			
G2408.4		Clearances from grade	Equipment and appliances installed at grade level must be supported on a concrete slab or other approved material extending above adjoining grade or be suspended at least 6" above adjoining grade.
G2408.5		Clearances to combustible construction	Clearances to combustibles are required to be maintained as specified in the listing and manufacturer's instructions, as reduced in accordance with Section G2409.
G2434.1	G2433.1	Vented <i>gas fireplaces</i> / General	New section requires vented gas fireplace heaters to be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, tested in accordance with ANSI A21.50, and designed and equipped as specified in Section G2432.2.

<b>Chapters 25-32: Plumbing Provisions</b>			
<b>Chapter 25: Plumbing Administration</b>			
P2503.5.2	P2503.5.2	Finished plumbing	Revised to require the DDV system smoke-test to have a duration of not less than 15 minutes.
<b>Chapter 26: General Plumbing Requirements</b>			
P2602.2		Flood-resistant installation	New requirements for water-supply and sewage-disposal systems in areas prone to flooding.
<b>Chapter 27: Plumbing Fixtures</b>			
P2705.1	P2705.1	Installation / General	Revised to require not less than 15" from the centerline of a bidet to the outermost rim of an adjacent water closet. (Previously required 30" minimum center to center.)
P2708.1	P2708.1	Showers / General	Revised to require a minimum of 900 square inch area and 30" minimum dimension at the interior of showers, as measured at the top of the threshold, continued for a minimum height of 70" above the drain inlet.
P2714.2	Moveable sink systems		New section requires compliance with ASME A112.19.12
P2722.1	P2722.1	Fixture fitting / General	Revised to indicate that flexible water connections shall conform to Section P2904.7
P2722.3 P2724.1	Individual pressure-balancing in-line valves for individual fixture fittings Temperature-actuated,		New sections.

	flow-reduction devices for individual fixtures		
Chapter 28: Water Heaters			
P2801.4	P2801.4	Prohibited locations	Revised to provide prescriptive requirements for water heaters installed in dedicated enclosures.
P2802.2	P2802.2	<i>Temperature control</i>	Master thermostatic mixing valves, where required, shall comply with ASSE 1017 and temper the domestic water to 140 degrees or less.
Chapter 29: Water Supply and Distribution			
P2902.2.6	Double check-valve assemblies		New section.
Table P2903.6.1	Conversion from W.S.F.U. to G.P.M. flow rates		New table addressing the need to convert W.S.F.U. TO G.P.M. Table 2903.8.1 has been revised to reference this Table for gpm flow rates.
P2903.9.3	P2903.9.3	Valve requirements	Revised to require valves serving individual fixtures, appliances, risers, and branches to be provided with an individual shutoff valve on the water supply pipe, except at tubs and showers.
Tables P2904.4.1 P2904.5	Water service pipe Water distribution pipe		New tables referencing separate standards for water service and water distribution pipe.
P2904.5.1	P2904.5.1	Under concrete slabs	Revised to permit galvanized steel pipe in compliance with this section under concrete slabs.
P2904.7	Flexible water connections		New section references ASME A112.18.6 and requires access to all flexible water connectors.
P2904.17	Press joints		New section provides requirements for press-type mechanical joints in copper tubing.

Chapter 30: Sanitary Drainage			
P3002.2	P3002.2	Building sewer	Revised to provide specific requirements for forced main sewer pipe.
P3005.1.1	P3005.1.1	Horizontal to vertical (multiple-connection fittings)	Revised to provide double sanitary tee pattern requirements.
P3005.1.7	Change in size		New section requires drainage piping not be reduced in size in the direction of flow. A 4" by 3" water closet

			connection, however, is not considered a reduction in size.
P3005.2	P3005.2	Drainage pipe cleanouts	Pressurized building drains and building sewers that convey the discharge of automatic pumping equipment to a gravity drainage system are now exempt from the requirements of this section.
P3005.4	P3005.4	Drain pipe sizing	Revised to indicate that drainage pipe size shall not be reduced in size in the direction of flow.
<b>Chapter 31: Vents</b>			
P3105.1	P3105.1	Distance of trap from vent	New exception does not limit the developed length of the fixture drain from trap weir to vent fitting for self-siphoning fixtures, such as water closets.
P3111.1	P3111.1	Type of fixtures	A combination waste and vent system shall not receive the discharge of a food waste grinder.
P3111.2	P3111.2	Installation	The maximum vertical distance for vertical pipe in a combination drain and vent system has been revised to 8 feet.
P3114.4	P3114.4	Location	Stack-type air admittance valves shall be located a minimum of 6" above the flood level rim of the highest fixture vented.

### **Chapter 38: Power and Lighting Distribution**

E3802.11	Bedroom outlets	New section requires arc-fault circuit interrupters in bedrooms for all branch circuits that supply 15- and 20-ampere receptacle outlets.
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### **Chapter 43: Referenced Standards**

Revised and updated.

### **Appendix G: Swimming Pools, Spas, and Hot Tubs**

AG105.2	AG105.2	Outdoor swimming pool	Provides maximum mesh sizes for chain link fences serving as a required barrier.
AG106	Entrapment protection for swimming pool and spa suction outlets		New section.

### **Appendix H: Patio Covers**

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AH107	Special provisions for aluminum screen enclosures in hurricane-prone regions	New section.
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Practice Exercises: Using this handout and your 2003 IRC book if necessary, answer the following questions and reference the applicable code section.

1. The prescriptive requirements of the code regarding foundation design are not applicable when the interval between basement and/or foundation walls exceeds what distance?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

2. Where roof assemblies are subject to uplift forces of less than 20 psf, what is the minimum uplift force which roof truss to wall connectors must be designed to resist?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

3. What code section regulates the space between joists when used as plenums?

Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

4. Are both frost protected footings and traditional foundation systems which extend below the frost line permitted to be mixed within the same structure?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

5. Where wood sheathing and wood studs are within 8 inches of exposed earth, are they required to be pressure preservative treated?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

6. Is a vapor retarder required beneath concrete slab-on-ground construction within attached and detached garages?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_

7. When does the International Residential Code require compliance with the requirements of Chapter 11 of the International Building Code for accessibility?

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Code Section \_\_\_\_\_